Aim | What was the Zhou Dynasty?

Political |--There was no central government, instead coordinators of separate areas

|--The military and its strength determined the ruler and his power

|--The right to rule was chosen by god

Economic |--IRON (cheaper than bronze)

|--Most important product of the Zhou was silk

|--Coins were introduced

Religious |--Believed in Daoism/Taoism and Legalism

|--Heaven controls life

|--Every human is entitled to their own opinion

Social |--Beliefs stated that the emperors were ranked above all, next came the scholars, then

| farmers before merchants, and merchants before slaves and women. |--New roads and canals were built which allowed for there to be an ease of

| communication

Intellectual |--A book of poetry: compilation of poets' opinions of emotions and criticisms

|--The concept of "mandate of heaven"

-emperors had divine approval to rule

-natural disasters = disapproval from Heaven

-dethronement = loss of mandate

|--Birth of many famous philosophers ex: Confucius and Laozi

Artistic |--Used bronze for household items -where done with bronze casting

|--The rich had decorated tombs

|--Jade was popular as people thought it preserved the dead

Technology |--Used iron tools-stronger than other materials- work done faster and better-used for

farming and military purposes

|--Iron-tipped ox drawn plows-helped agriculture- easier to produce crops

|--Irrigation systems and waterways

Downfall |--Time period of chaos (the time of warring states)

|--Nomads from the east and west invaded capital (Hao), killed monarch

|--Feudalism developed

-A large gap between the rich and poor

-Less dependency of the Emperor for the nobles